# X20(c)AI4622

## 1 General information

The module is equipped with 4 inputs with 13-bit (including sign) digital converter resolution. It is possible to select between the current and voltage signal using different terminals.

- 4 analog inputs
- · Either current or voltage signal possible
- · 13-bit digital converter resolution

## 2 Coated modules

Coated modules are X20 modules with a protective coating for the electronics component. This coating protects X20c modules from condensation and corrosive gases.

The modules' electronics are fully compatible with the corresponding X20 modules.

For simplification purposes, only images and module IDs of uncoated modules are used in this data sheet.

The coating has been certified according to the following standards:

- · Condensation: BMW GS 95011-4, 2x 1 cycle
- Corrosive gas: EN 60068-2-60, method 4, exposure 21 days







### 2.1 -40°C starting temperature

The starting temperature describes the minimum permissible ambient temperature when the power is switched off at the time the coated module is switched on. This is permitted to be as low as -40°C. During operation, the conditions as specified in the technical data continue to apply.

### Information:

It is important to absolutely ensure that there is no forced cooling by air currents in a closed control cabinet, for example using a fan or ventilation slots.

#### 3 Order data

Model number	Short description
	Analog inputs
X20Al4622	X20 analog input module, 4 inputs, ±10 V or 0 to 20 mA / 4 to 20 mA, 13-bit converter resolution, configurable input filter
X20cAl4622	X20 analog input module, coated, 4 inputs, ±10 V or 0 to 20 mA / 4 to 20 mA, 13-bit converter resolution, configurable input filter
	Required accessories
	Bus modules
X20BM11	X20 bus module, 24 VDC keyed, internal I/O supply continuous
X20BM15	X20 bus module, with node number switch, 24 VDC keyed, internal I/O supply continuous
X20cBM11	X20 bus module, coated, 24 VDC keyed, internal I/O supply continuous
	Terminal blocks
X20TB12	X20 terminal block, 12-pin, 24 VDC keyed

Table 1: X20Al4622, X20cAl4622 - Order data

# 4 Technical data

Commodule	Model number	X20Al4622 X20cAl4622
General Information	Short description	
DATE	I/O module	4 analog inputs ±10 V or 0 to 20 mA / 4 to 20 mA
Silution infortactions   I/O function per channel, operating state, module status	General information	
Diagnostics		
Module trulerior   Yes, using status LED and software   Channel type   Yes, using software   Prosect consumption   Prosect consum		I/O function per channel, operating state, module status
Imputs		V
Channel lype		<u>-</u>
Power consumption	•	<u> </u>
Bus		res, using software
Internal I/O	·	0.01 W
Additional power dissipation caused by actuators (resistive) [VII]		
resistivo   M		-
ATEX	(resistive) [W]	
ATEX	Certifications	
IP20, Ta (see X20 user's manual)   FT20, 9a / REV 0083X	CE	Yes
FFZ0 09 ATEX 098X   CULDS TESSEPT	ATEX	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
U.L.   Gulbastrial control equipment   HazLoc   Gulbastrial control equipment   Gulbastrial Control   Gulb		
Hazl.co   CoSAus_244665   Process control equipment   CoSAus_244665   Process control equipment   For hazardous locations   For hazardous locatio	111	
Abazl. o	OL	**-**-
For hazardous locations   Class   Division 2, Groups ABCQ, T5	HazLoc	
DNV GL   Temperature B (0 - 55°C)   Humidity, B (up to 100%)   Vibration: B (4 of 0)		Process control equipment
DNV GL		
Humidity, B (μp to 100%)   Vibration: B (4 q)	DANGO	<u> </u>
Note	DNV GL	
KR		
EAC  Analog inputs Input   ±10 V or 0 to 20 mA / 4 to 20 mA, via different terminal connections Input type   Digital converter resolution  Voltage   ±12-bit   12-bit   12-bi		
Analog injust	KR	Yes
Analog inputs		Yes
19put		Yes -
Input type   Differential input		
Digital converter resolution   Voltage		
Voltage		Differential input
Current         12-bit           Conversion time         400 μs for all inputs           Output format         INT           Output format         INT 0x8001 - 0x7FFF / 1 LSB = 0x0008 = 2.441 mV           Current         INT 0x8001 - 0x7FFF / 1 LSB = 0x0008 = 2.441 mV           Current         INT 0x0000 - 0x7FFF / 1 LSB = 0x0008 = 2.441 mV           Input impedance in signal range         20 MΩ           Voltage         20 MΩ           Current         -           Load         -           Voltage         -           Current            Input protection         Protection against wiring with supply voltage           Permissible input signal         Voltage           Voltage         Max. ±30 V           Current         Max. ±50 mA           Output of digital value during overload         Configurable           Conversion procedure         SAR           Input filter         3rd-order low pass / cutoff frequency 1 kHz           Max. error         Voltage           Gain         0.08% ²¹           Offset         0.01% ²¹           Current         0 to 20 mA = 0.08 % / 4 to 20 mA = 0.16 % ⁴           Max. gain drift         0 to 20 mA = 0.003 % / 4 to 20 mA = 0.16 % ⁴ <t< td=""><td>-</td><td>140 hit</td></t<>	-	140 hit
Conversion time         400 μs for all inputs           Output format         INT           Voltage         INT 0x8001 - 0x7FFF / 1 LSB = 0x0008 = 2.441 mV           Current         INT 0x0000 - 0x7FFF / 1 LSB = 0x0008 = 4.883 μA           Input impedance in signal range         INT 0x0000 - 0x7FFF / 1 LSB = 0x0008 = 4.883 μA           Voltage         20 MΩ           Current         -           Load         -           Voltage         -           Current         4400 Ω           Input protection         Protection against writing with supply voltage           Permissible input signal         Max. ±30 V           Current         Max. ±30 mA           Output of digital value during overload         Configurable           Conversion procedure         SAR           Input filter         3rd-order low pass / cutoff frequency 1 kHz           Max. error         Voltage           Gain         0.08% <sup>2</sup> Offset         0.015% <sup>3</sup> Current         0 to 20 mA = 0.08 % / 4 to 20 mA = 0.1 % <sup>2</sup> Offset         0 to 20 mA = 0.03 % / 4 to 20 mA = 0.16 % <sup>3</sup> Max. gain drift         0 to 20 mA = 0.003 % <sup>7</sup> C 2           Current         0 to 20 mA = 0.001 % <sup>7</sup> C 2           Max. o	-	
Output format         INT           Output format         INT 0x8001 - 0x7FFF / 1 LSB = 0x0008 = 2.441 mV           Voltage         INT 0x8001 - 0x7FFF / 1 LSB = 0x0008 = 4.883 μA           Input impedance in signal range         20 MΩ           Voltage         20 MΩ           Current         -           Load         -           Voltage         -           Current         440 Ω           Input protection         Protection against wiring with supply voltage           Permissible input signal         Max. ±30 V           Voltage         Max. ±30 V           Current         Max. ±30 mA           Output of digital value during overload         Configurable           Conversion procedure         SAR           Input filter         3rd-order low pass / cutoff frequency 1 kHz           Max. error         Voltage           Gain         0.08% ½           Gain         0.08% ½           Current         0 to 20 mA = 0.08 % / 4 to 20 mA = 0.1 % ½           Gain offset         0 to 20 mA = 0.08 % / 4 to 20 mA = 0.16 % ⁴           Max. gain drift         0 to 20 mA = 0.009 % /*C           Voltage         0 to 20 mA = 0.0013 % /*C ²           Current         0 to 20 mA = 0.0013 % /*C ²		
Output format         INT 0x8001 - 0x7FFF / 1 LSB = 0x0008 = 2.441 mV           Current         INT 0x0000 - 0x7FFF / 1 LSB = 0x0008 = 4.883 μA           Input impedance in signal range         INT 0x0000 - 0x7FFF / 1 LSB = 0x0008 = 4.883 μA           Voltage         20 MΩ           Current         -           Load         -           Voltage         -           Current         440 Ω           Input protection         Protection against wiring with supply voltage           Permissible input signal         Max. ±30 V           Current         Max. ±50 mA           Output of digital value during overload         Configurable           Conversion procedure         SAR           Input filter         3rd-order low pass / cutoff frequency 1 kHz           Max. error         Voltage           Gain         0.08% 2³           Offset         0.015% 3⟩           Current         0 to 20 mA = 0.08 % / 4 to 20 mA = 0.18 % ¹           Gain         0 to 20 mA = 0.008 % / 4 to 20 mA = 0.16 % ⁴           Max. gain drift         0 to 20 mA = 0.009 % / C           Voltage         0.002 % / C 2³           Current         0 to 20 mA = 0.0013 % / 4 to 20 mA = 0.016 % °           Max. offset drift         0 to 20 mA = 0.004 % / C <td></td> <td><u> </u></td>		<u> </u>
Voltage	•	
Current         INT 0x0000 - 0x7FFF / 1 LSB = 0x0008 = 4.883 μA           Input impedance in signal range         20 MΩ           Current         -           Load         -           Voltage         -           Current         <00 Ω		INT 0x8001 - 0x7FFF / 1 LSB = 0x0008 = 2.441 mV
Input impedance in signal range   20 MΩ   20 MΩ		
Current         -           Current         -           Current         -           Current         -           Input protection         Protection against wiring with supply voltage           Permissible input signal         Max. ±30 V           Current         Max. ±50 mA           Output of digital value during overload         Configurable           Conversion procedure         SAR           Input filter         3rd-order low pass / cutoff frequency 1 kHz           Max. error         Voltage           Gain         0.08% ²           Offset         0.015% ³)           Current         Current           Gain         0 to 20 mA = 0.08 % / 4 to 20 mA = 0.1 % ²           Offset         0 to 20 mA = 0.03 % / 4 to 20 mA = 0.16 % ⁴           Max. gain drift         0 to 20 mA = 0.009 %/°C           Voltage         0 to 20 mA = 0.0013 %/°C ²           Max. offset drift         0 to 20 mA = 0.0013 %/°C ²           Max. offset drift         0 to 20 mA = 0.004 %/°C	Input impedance in signal range	-
Voltage	Voltage	20 ΜΩ
Voltage         -           Current         <400 Ω	Current	-
Current         <400 Ω	Load	
Input protection	-	
Permissible input signal         Max. ±30 V           Current         Max. ±50 mA           Output of digital value during overload         Configurable           Conversion procedure         SAR           Input filter         3rd-order low pass / cutoff frequency 1 kHz           Max. error         Voltage           Gain         0.08% ²)           Offset         0.015% ³)           Current         Gain           Offset         0 to 20 mA = 0.08 % / 4 to 20 mA = 0.1 % ²)           Offset         0 to 20 mA = 0.03 % / 4 to 20 mA = 0.16 % ⁴)           Max. gain drift         Voltage           Voltage         0 to 20 mA = 0.009 %/°C ²)           Current         4 to 20 mA = 0.0113 %/°C ²)           Max. offset drift         Voltage           Current         0 to 20 mA = 0.004 %/°C	Current	
Voltage         Max. ±30 V           Current         Max. ±50 mA           Output of digital value during overload         Configurable           Conversion procedure         SAR           Input filter         3rd-order low pass / cutoff frequency 1 kHz           Max. error         Voltage           Gain         0.08% ²)           Offset         0.015% ³)           Current         Gain         0 to 20 mA = 0.08 % / 4 to 20 mA = 0.1 % ²)           Offset         0 to 20 mA = 0.03 % / 4 to 20 mA = 0.16 % ⁴)           Max. gain drift         Voltage         0.006 %/°C ²)           Current         0 to 20 mA = 0.009 %/°C           Max. offset drift         Voltage         0.002 %/°C ³)           Voltage         0.002 %/°C ³)           Current         0 to 20 mA = 0.004 %/°C		Protection against wiring with supply voltage
Current         Max. ±50 mA           Output of digital value during overload         Configurable           Conversion procedure         SAR           Input filter         3rd-order low pass / cutoff frequency 1 kHz           Max. error         Voltage           Gain         0.08% ²)           Offset         0.015% ³)           Current         Gain         0 to 20 mA = 0.08 % / 4 to 20 mA = 0.1 % ²)           Offset         0 to 20 mA = 0.03 % / 4 to 20 mA = 0.16 % ⁴)           Max. gain drift         Voltage         0.006 %/°C ²)           Current         4 to 20 mA = 0.009 %/°C           4 to 20 mA = 0.0113 %/°C ²)           Max. offset drift         Voltage         0.002 %/°C ³)           Current         0 to 20 mA = 0.004 %/°C		
Output of digital value during overload         Configurable           Conversion procedure         SAR           Input filter         3rd-order low pass / cutoff frequency 1 kHz           Max. error         Voltage           Gain         0.08% ²¹           Offset         0.015% ³¹           Current         0 to 20 mA = 0.08 % / 4 to 20 mA = 0.1 % ²¹           Offset         0 to 20 mA = 0.03 % / 4 to 20 mA = 0.16 % ⁴¹           Max. gain drift         0 to 20 mA = 0.009 %/°C ²¹           Current         0 to 20 mA = 0.009 %/°C ²¹           Max. offset drift         4 to 20 mA = 0.0113 %/°C ²¹           Woltage         0.002 %/°C ³¹           Current         0 to 20 mA = 0.004 %/°C	Voltage	
Conversion procedure         SAR           Input filter         3rd-order low pass / cutoff frequency 1 kHz           Max. error         Voltage           Gain         0.08% 2)           Offset         0.015% 3)           Current         Current           Gain         0 to 20 mA = 0.08 % / 4 to 20 mA = 0.1 % 2)           Offset         0 to 20 mA = 0.03 % / 4 to 20 mA = 0.16 % 4)           Max. gain drift         0.006 % C 2)           Current         0 to 20 mA = 0.009 % C 4 to 20 mA = 0.009 % C 4 to 20 mA = 0.0113 % C 2)           Max. offset drift         0.002 % C 3)           Voltage         0.002 % C 3)           Current         0 to 20 mA = 0.004 % C	-	
Input filter 3rd-order low pass / cutoff frequency 1 kHz  Max. error  Voltage Gain 0.08% 2) Offset 0.015% 3)  Current Gain 0 to 20 mA = 0.08 % / 4 to 20 mA = 0.1 % 2) Offset 0 to 20 mA = 0.03 % / 4 to 20 mA = 0.16 % 4)  Max. gain drift Voltage 0.006 % C 2)  Current 0 to 20 mA = 0.009 % C 4 to 20 mA = 0.0113 % C 2)  Max. offset drift Voltage 0.002 % C 3)  Current 0 to 20 mA = 0.004 % C 3)  Current 0 to 20 mA = 0.004 % C 3)  Current 0 to 20 mA = 0.004 % C 3)	Current	Max. ±50 mA
Max. error  Voltage  Gain  O.08% 2)  Offset  0.015% 3)  Current  Gain  O to 20 mA = 0.08 % / 4 to 20 mA = 0.1 % 2)  Offset  Voltage  Voltage  Voltage  Current  O to 20 mA = 0.03 % / 4 to 20 mA = 0.16 % 4)  Max. gain drift  Voltage  O.006 %/°C 2)  Current  O to 20 mA = 0.009 %/°C  4 to 20 mA = 0.0113 %/°C 2)  Max. offset drift  Voltage  O.002 %/°C 3)  Current  O to 20 mA = 0.004 %/°C	Current Output of digital value during overload	Max. ±50 mA Configurable
Voltage         Gain       0.08% ²)         Offset       0.015% ³)         Current       0 to 20 mA = 0.08 % / 4 to 20 mA = 0.1 % ²)         Offset       0 to 20 mA = 0.03 % / 4 to 20 mA = 0.16 % ⁴)         Max. gain drift       Voltage         Voltage       0.006 %/°C ²)         Current       0 to 20 mA = 0.009 %/°C 4 to 20 mA = 0.0013 %/°C ²)         Max. offset drift       4 to 20 mA = 0.004 %/°C ³)         Current       0 to 20 mA = 0.004 %/°C	Current Output of digital value during overload Conversion procedure	Max. ±50 mA Configurable SAR
Gain 0.08% 2) Offset 0.015% 3)  Current Gain 0 to 20 mA = 0.08 % / 4 to 20 mA = 0.1 % 2) Offset 0 to 20 mA = 0.03 % / 4 to 20 mA = 0.16 % 4)  Max. gain drift Voltage 0.006 %/°C 2) Current 0 to 20 mA = 0.009 %/°C 4 to 20 mA = 0.0113 %/°C 2)  Max. offset drift Voltage 0.002 %/°C 3) Current 0 to 20 mA = 0.004 %/°C	Current Output of digital value during overload Conversion procedure Input filter	Max. ±50 mA Configurable SAR
Offset 0.015% 3)  Current  Gain 0 to 20 mA = 0.08 % / 4 to 20 mA = 0.1 % 2)  Offset 0 to 20 mA = 0.03 % / 4 to 20 mA = 0.16 % 4)  Max. gain drift  Voltage 0.006 %/°C 2)  Current 0 to 20 mA = 0.009 %/°C  4 to 20 mA = 0.0113 %/°C 2)  Max. offset drift  Voltage 0.002 %/°C 3)  Current 0 to 20 mA = 0.004 %/°C	Current  Output of digital value during overload  Conversion procedure  Input filter  Max. error	Max. ±50 mA Configurable SAR
Current       Gain       0 to 20 mA = 0.08 % / 4 to 20 mA = 0.1 % ²)         Offset       0 to 20 mA = 0.03 % / 4 to 20 mA = 0.16 % ⁴)         Max. gain drift       Voltage       0.006 %/°C ²)         Current       0 to 20 mA = 0.009 %/°C 4 to 20 mA = 0.0013 %/°C ²)         Max. offset drift       Voltage       0.002 %/°C ³)         Voltage       0.002 %/°C ³)         Current       0 to 20 mA = 0.004 %/°C	Current  Output of digital value during overload  Conversion procedure  Input filter  Max. error  Voltage	Max. ±50 mA Configurable SAR 3rd-order low pass / cutoff frequency 1 kHz
Gain 0 to 20 mA = 0.08 % / 4 to 20 mA = 0.1 % ²) Offset 0 to 20 mA = 0.03 % / 4 to 20 mA = 0.16 % ⁴)  Max. gain drift  Voltage 0.006 %°C ²) Current 0 to 20 mA = 0.009 %/°C 4 to 20 mA = 0.0113 %/°C ²)  Max. offset drift  Voltage 0.002 %/°C ³) Current 0 to 20 mA = 0.004 %/°C	Current  Output of digital value during overload  Conversion procedure  Input filter  Max. error  Voltage  Gain	Max. ±50 mA Configurable SAR 3rd-order low pass / cutoff frequency 1 kHz  0.08% <sup>2)</sup>
Offset 0 to 20 mA = 0.03 % / 4 to 20 mA = 0.16 % 4)  Max. gain drift  Voltage 0.006 % ° C 2)  Current 0 to 20 mA = 0.009 % ° C 4 to 20 mA = 0.0113 % ° C 2)  Max. offset drift  Voltage 0.002 % ° C 3)  Current 0 to 20 mA = 0.004 % ° C	Current  Output of digital value during overload  Conversion procedure  Input filter  Max. error  Voltage  Gain  Offset	Max. ±50 mA Configurable SAR 3rd-order low pass / cutoff frequency 1 kHz  0.08% <sup>2)</sup>
Max. gain drift  Voltage 0.006 %°C ²)  Current 0 to 20 mA = 0.009 %/°C 4 to 20 mA = 0.0113 %/°C ²)  Max. offset drift  Voltage 0.002 %/°C ³)  Current 0 to 20 mA = 0.004 %/°C	Current  Output of digital value during overload  Conversion procedure  Input filter  Max. error  Voltage  Gain  Offset  Current	Max. ±50 mA Configurable SAR 3rd-order low pass / cutoff frequency 1 kHz  0.08% <sup>2)</sup> 0.015% <sup>3)</sup>
Voltage         0.006 %°C ²)           Current         0 to 20 mA = 0.009 %/°C           4 to 20 mA = 0.0113 %/°C ²)           Max. offset drift           Voltage         0.002 %/°C ³)           Current         0 to 20 mA = 0.004 %/°C	Current Output of digital value during overload Conversion procedure Input filter Max. error Voltage Gain Offset Current Gain	Max. ±50 mA  Configurable  SAR  3rd-order low pass / cutoff frequency 1 kHz  0.08% <sup>2)</sup> 0.015% <sup>3)</sup> 0 to 20 mA = 0.08 % / 4 to 20 mA = 0.1 % <sup>2)</sup>
Current     0 to 20 mA = 0.009 %/°C       4 to 20 mA = 0.0113 %/°C ²)       Max. offset drift       Voltage     0.002 %/°C ³)       Current     0 to 20 mA = 0.004 %/°C	Current Output of digital value during overload Conversion procedure Input filter Max. error Voltage Gain Offset Current Gain Offset	Max. ±50 mA  Configurable  SAR  3rd-order low pass / cutoff frequency 1 kHz  0.08% <sup>2)</sup> 0.015% <sup>3)</sup> 0 to 20 mA = 0.08 % / 4 to 20 mA = 0.1 % <sup>2)</sup>
Max. offset drift         0.002 %/°C ³)           Voltage         0 to 20 mA = 0.004 %/°C	Current Output of digital value during overload Conversion procedure Input filter Max. error Voltage Gain Offset Current Gain Offset Max. gain drift Voltage	Max. ±50 mA  Configurable SAR  3rd-order low pass / cutoff frequency 1 kHz  0.08% <sup>2)</sup> 0.015% <sup>3)</sup> 0 to 20 mA = 0.08 % / 4 to 20 mA = 0.1 % <sup>2)</sup> 0 to 20 mA = 0.03 % / 4 to 20 mA = 0.16 % <sup>4)</sup>
Voltage         0.002 %/°C ³)           Current         0 to 20 mA = 0.004 %/°C	Current Output of digital value during overload Conversion procedure Input filter Max. error Voltage Gain Offset Current Gain Offset Max. gain drift Voltage	Max. ±50 mA  Configurable SAR  3rd-order low pass / cutoff frequency 1 kHz  0.08% <sup>2)</sup> 0.015% <sup>3)</sup> 0 to 20 mA = 0.08 % / 4 to 20 mA = 0.1 % <sup>2)</sup> 0 to 20 mA = 0.03 % / 4 to 20 mA = 0.16 % <sup>4)</sup>
Current 0 to 20 mA = 0.004 %/°C	Current Output of digital value during overload Conversion procedure Input filter Max. error Voltage Gain Offset Current Gain Offset Max. gain drift Voltage Current Voltage	Max. ±50 mA  Configurable SAR  3rd-order low pass / cutoff frequency 1 kHz  0.08% ²) 0.015% ³)  0 to 20 mA = 0.08 % / 4 to 20 mA = 0.1 % ²) 0 to 20 mA = 0.03 % / 4 to 20 mA = 0.16 % 4)  0.006 %/°C ²) 0 to 20 mA = 0.009 %/°C
	Current Output of digital value during overload Conversion procedure Input filter Max. error Voltage Gain Offset Current Gain Offset Max. gain drift Voltage Current Wax. gain drift Voltage Current Max. offset drift	Max. ±50 mA  Configurable SAR  3rd-order low pass / cutoff frequency 1 kHz  0.08% ²) 0.015% ³)  0 to 20 mA = 0.08 % / 4 to 20 mA = 0.1 % ²) 0 to 20 mA = 0.03 % / 4 to 20 mA = 0.16 % 4)  0.006 %/°C ²) 0 to 20 mA = 0.009 %/°C 4 to 20 mA = 0.0113 %/°C ²)
	Current Output of digital value during overload Conversion procedure Input filter Max. error Voltage Gain Offset Current Gain Offset Max. gain drift Voltage Current Max. offset drift Voltage	Max. ±50 mA Configurable SAR 3rd-order low pass / cutoff frequency 1 kHz  0.08% ²) 0.015% ³)  0 to 20 mA = 0.08 % / 4 to 20 mA = 0.1 % ²) 0 to 20 mA = 0.03 % / 4 to 20 mA = 0.16 % 4)  0.006 %/°C ²) 0 to 20 mA = 0.009 %/°C 4 to 20 mA = 0.0113 %/°C ²)

Table 2: X20Al4622, X20cAl4622 - Technical data

Model number	X20Al4622	X20cAl4622			
Common-mode rejection					
DC	70	dB			
50 Hz	70	70 dB			
Common-mode range	±1	2 V			
Crosstalk between channels	<-7	0 dB			
Nonlinearity					
Voltage	<0.02	25% <sup>3)</sup>			
Current	<0.0	5% <sup>4)</sup>			
Isolation voltage between channel and bus	500	V <sub>eff</sub>			
Electrical properties					
Electrical isolation		ated from bus			
	Channel not isola	ated from channel			
Operating conditions					
Mounting orientation					
Horizontal		es			
Vertical	Y	es			
Installation elevation above sea level					
0 to 2000 m	No limitations				
>2000 m	Reduction of ambient temperature by 0.5°C per 100 m				
Degree of protection per EN 60529	IP	IP20			
Ambient conditions					
Temperature					
Operation					
Horizontal mounting orientation	-25 to	60°C			
Vertical mounting orientation	-25 to	50°C			
Derating		-			
Storage	-40 to	85°C			
Transport	-40 to	85°C			
Relative humidity					
Operation	5 to 95%, non-condensing	Up to 100%, condensing			
Storage	5 to 95%, non-condensing				
Transport	5 to 95%, non-condensing				
Mechanical properties					
Note	Order 1x X20TB12 terminal block separately Order 1x X20BM11 bus module separately	Order 1x X20TB12 terminal block separately Order 1x X20cBM11 bus module separately			
Pitch	12.5 <sup>+0.2</sup> mm	12.5 <sup>+0.2</sup> mm			

Table 2: X20Al4622, X20cAl4622 - Technical data

- 1) To reduce power dissipation, B&R recommends bridging unused inputs on the terminals or configuring them as current signals.
- Based on the current measured value.
- 3) Based on the 20 V measurement range.
- 4) Based on the 20 mA measurement range.

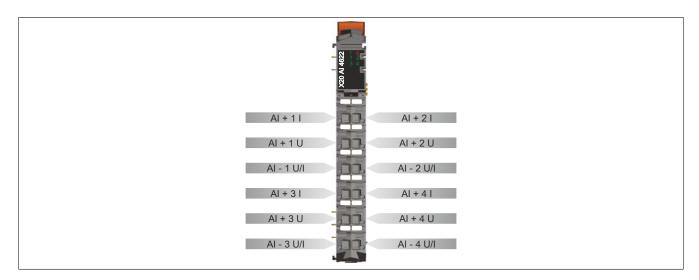
# **5 LED status indicators**

For a description of the various operating modes, see section "Additional information - Diagnostic LEDs" of the X20 system user's manual.

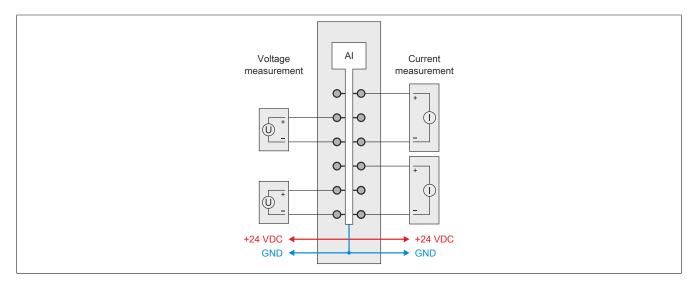
Figure	LED	Color	Status	Description
	r	Green	Off	No power to module
			Single flash	RESET mode
1			Blinking	PREOPERATIONAL mode
0			On	RUN mode
29 1 2	<b>1 2</b> e	Red	Off	No power to module or everything OK
4 3 4			On	Error or reset status
₹ 5	e + r	Red on / Gree	n single flash	Invalid firmware
8	1 - 4	Green	Off	Open line¹) or sensor is disconnected
×			Blinking	Input signal overflow or underflow
1			On	Analog/digital converter running, value OK

Open line detection only possible when measuring voltage.

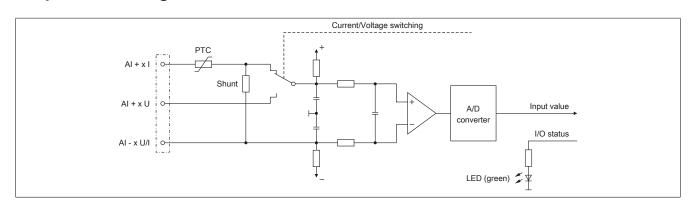
# **6 Pinout**



# 7 Connection example



# 8 Input circuit diagram



# 9 Register description

## 9.1 General data points

In addition to the registers described in the register description, the module has additional general data points. These are not module-specific but contain general information such as serial number and hardware variant.

General data points are described in section "Additional information - General data points" of the X20 system user's manual.

#### 9.2 Function model 0 - Standard

Register	Name	Data type	Read		Wr	ite
			Cyclic	Acyclic	Cyclic	Acyclic
Configuration						
16	ConfigOutput01 (input filter)	USINT				•
18	ConfigOutput02 (channel type)	USINT				•
20	ConfigOutput03 (lower limit value)	INT				•
22	ConfigOutput04 (upper limit value)	INT				•
Communicati	on					
0	AnalogInput01	INT	•			
2	AnalogInput02	INT	•			
4	AnalogInput03	INT	•			
6	AnalogInput04	INT	•			
30	StatusInput01	USINT	•			

#### 9.3 Function model 254 - Bus controller

Register Offset <sup>1)</sup>		Name	Data type	Read		Write	
				Cyclic	Acyclic	Cyclic	Acyclic
Configuration							
16	-	ConfigOutput01 (input filter)	USINT				•
18	-	ConfigOutput02 (channel type)	USINT				•
20	-	ConfigOutput03 (lower limit value)	INT				•
22	-	ConfigOutput04 (upper limit value)	INT				•
Communicatio	n						
0	0	AnalogInput01	INT	•			
2	2	AnalogInput02	INT	•			
4	4	AnalogInput03	INT	•			
6	6	AnalogInput04	INT	•			
30	-	StatusInput01	USINT		•		

<sup>1)</sup> The offset specifies the position of the register within the CAN object.

# 9.3.1 Using the module on the bus controller

Function model 254 "Bus controller" is used by default only by non-configurable bus controllers. All other bus controllers can use other registers and functions depending on the fieldbus used.

For detailed information, see section "Additional information - Using I/O modules on the bus controller" of the X20 user's manual (version 3.50 or later).

#### 9.3.2 CAN I/O bus controller

The module occupies 1 analog logical slot on CAN I/O.

#### 9.4 Analog inputs

The input state is collected with a fixed offset to the network cycle and transferred in the same cycle.

## 9.5 Input values of analog inputs

#### Name:

AnalogInput01 to AnalogInput04

This register contains the analog input value depending on the configured operating mode.

Data type	Values	Input signal:
INT	-32768 to 32767	Voltage signal -10 to 10 VDC
	0 to 32767	Current signal 0 to 20 mA
	-8192 to 32767	Current signal 4 to 20 mA (value 0 corresponds to 4 mA)

## 9.6 Input filter

This module is equipped with a configurable input filter. The minimum X2X cycle time must be  $>500 \mu s$ . Filtering is disabled for shorter X2X cycle times.

If the input filter is active, then the channels are scanned in 1 ms cycles. The time offset between the channels is 200 µs. Conversion is performed acyclically to the X2X cycle.

## Information:

The filter sampling time is fixed at 1 ms and is acyclic to the X2X cycle.

#### 9.6.1 Input ramp limiting

Input ramp limiting can only be performed in conjunction with filtering. Input ramp limiting is performed before filtering.

The difference of the input value change is checked for exceeding the specified limit. In the event of overshoot, the tracked input value is equal to the old value  $\pm$  the limit value.

Configurable limit values:

Value	Limit value	
0	The input value is used without limitation.	
1	0x3FFF = 16383	
2	0x1FFF = 8191	
3	0x0FFF = 4095	
4	0x07FF = 2047	
5	0x03FF = 1023	
6	0x01FF = 511	
7	0x00FF = 255	

Input ramp limiting is well suited for suppressing disturbances (spikes). The following examples show the functionality of input ramp limiting based on an input step and a disturbance.

#### Example 1

The input value jumps from 8000 to 17000. The diagram shows the tracked input value with the following settings: Input ramp limiting = 4 = 0x07FF = 2047

Filter level = 2

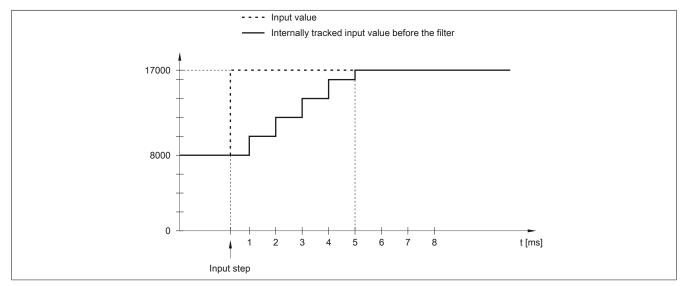


Figure 1: Tracked input value for input step

## Example 2

A disturbance interferes with the input value. The diagram shows the tracked input value with the following settings: Input ramp limiting = 4 = 0x07FF = 2047

Filter level = 2

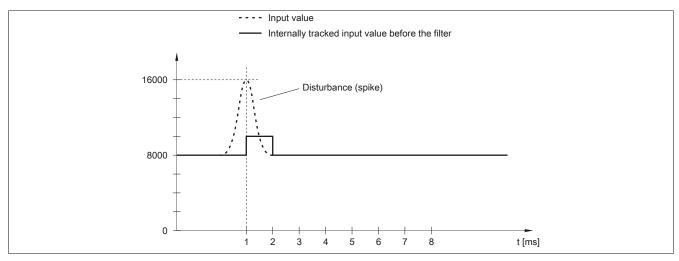


Figure 2: Tracked input value for disturbance

#### 9.6.2 Filter level

A filter can be defined to prevent large input steps. This filter is used to bring the input value closer to the actual analog value over a period of several milliseconds.

Filtering takes place after any input ramp limiting has been carried out.

Formula for calculating the input value:

$$Value_{New} = Value_{Old} - \frac{Value_{Old}}{Filter level} + \frac{Input value}{Filter level}$$

Adjustable filter levels:

Value	Filter level
0	Filter switched off
1	Filter level 2
2	Filter level 4
3	Filter level 8
4	Filter level 16
5	Filter level 32
6	Filter level 64
7	Filter level 128

The following examples show the functionality of the filter based on an input step and a disturbance.

#### Example 1

The input value jumps from 8000 to 16000. The diagram shows the calculated value with the following settings: Input ramp limiting = 0

Filter level = 2 or 4

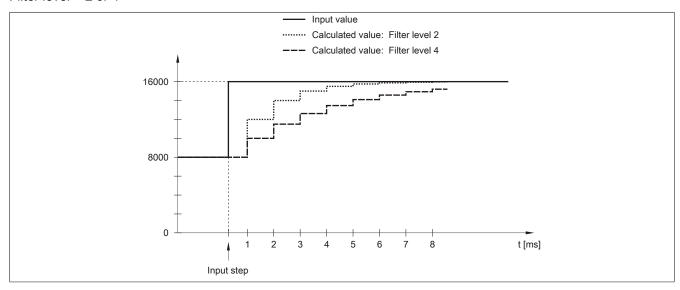


Figure 3: Calculated value during input step

## Example 2

A disturbance interferes with the input value. The diagram shows the calculated value with the following settings: Input ramp limiting = 0

Filter level = 2 or 4

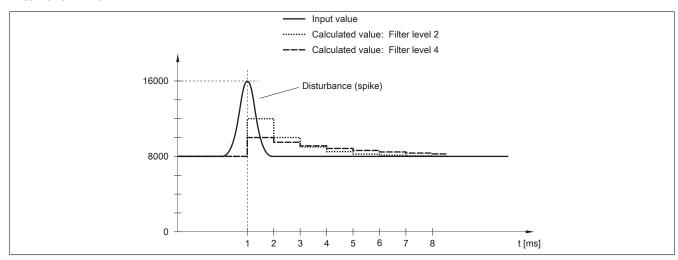


Figure 4: Calculated value during disturbance

# 9.7 Configuring the input filter

Name:

ConfigOutput01

The filter level and input ramp limiting of the input filter are set in this register.

Data type	Values	Bus controller default setting
USINT	See the bit structure.	0

#### Bit structure:

Bit	Description	Value	Information
0 - 2	Defines the filter level	000	Filter disabled (bus controller default setting)
		001	Filter level 2
		010	Filter level 4
		011	Filter level 8
		100	Filter level 16
		101	Filter level 32
		110	Filter level 64
		111	Filter level 128
3	Reserved	0	
4 - 6	Defines input ramp limiting	000	The input value is applied without limitation
			(bus controller default setting)
		001	Limit value = 0x3FFF (16383)
		010	Limit value = 0x1FFF (8191)
		011	Limit value = 0x0FFF (4095)
		100	Limit value = 0x07FF (2047)
		101	Limit value = 0x03FF (1023)
		110	Limit value = 0x01FF (511)
		111	Limit value = 0x00FF (255)
7	Reserved	0	

# 9.8 Channel type

Name:

ConfigOutput02

The type and range of signal measurement can be set in this register.

The individual channels are designed for current and voltage signals. This differentiation is made using different terminals and an integrated switch in the module. The switch is automatically activated by the module depending on the specified configuration. The following input signals can be set:

- ±10 V voltage signal (default)
- 0 to 20 mA current signal
- 4 to 20 mA current signal

Data type	Values	Bus controller default setting
USINT	See the bit structure.	0

#### Bit structure:

Bit	Description	Value	Information
0	Channel 1	0	Voltage signal (bus controller default setting)
		1	Current signal, measurement range corresponding to bit 4
3	Channel 4	0	Voltage signal (bus controller default setting)
		1	Current signal, measurement range corresponding to bit 7
4	Channel 1: Current measurement range	0	0 to 20 mA current signal (bus controller default setting)
		1	4 to 20 mA current signal
7	Channel 4: Current measurement range	0	0 to 20 mA current signal (bus controller default setting)
		1	4 to 20 mA current signal

#### 9.9 Limit values

The input signal is monitored at the upper and lower limit values. These must be defined according to the operating mode:

Limit value (default)	Voltage signal ±10 V		Current signal 0 to 20 mA		Current signal 4 to 20 mA	
Upper maximum limit value	+10 V	+32767 (0x7FFF)	20 mA	+32767 (0x7FFF)	20 mA	+32767 (0x7FFF)
Lower minimum limit value	-10 V	-32767 (0x8001)	0 mA	01)	4 mA	02)

<sup>1)</sup> The analog value is limited down to 0.

Other limit values can be defined if necessary. The limit values apply to all channels. These are enabled automatically by writing to the limit value registers. From this point on, the analog values will be monitored and limited according to the new limits. The results of monitoring are displayed in the status register.

### **Examples of limit value settings**

Use case	Limit value settings
Current signal: 4 to 20 mA	If values <4 mA should be measured for a current signal with 4 to 20 mA, a negative limit value must be set: 0 mA corresponds to value -8192 (0xE000).
Mixed voltage and current signal	The set limit values apply to all channels. A compromise must therefore be made for mixed operation (voltage and current signal mixed).  The following setting has proven to be effective:  Upper limit value = +32767, lower limit value = -32767  This also allows negative voltage values to be measured. With a lower limit value of 0, the voltage value would be limited to 0.
Current signal on all channels	All channels are configured for current measurement. The limit value setting in Automation Studio is not adjusted automatically. This means that +32767 is set for the upper limit value and -32767 for the lower limit value. The necessary adjustments must be made by the user, e.g. lower limit value = 0

#### 9.9.1 Lower limit value

Name:

ConfigOutput03

The lower limit value for analog values can be set in this register. If the analog value goes below the limit value, it is frozen at this value and the corresponding error status bit is set.

Data type	Values	Information
INT	-32768 to 32767	Bus controller default setting: -32768

#### Information:

- The default value of -32767 corresponds to the minimum default value of -10 VDC.
- For a 0 to 20 mA configuration, this value should be set to 0.
- For a 4 to 20 mA configuration, this value can be set to -8192 (corresponds to 0 mA) in order to display values <4 mA.</li>

## Information:

It is important to note that this setting applies to all channels!

## 9.9.2 Upper limit value

Name:

ConfigOutput04

The upper limit value for analog values can be set in this register. If the analog value goes above the limit value, it is frozen at this value and the corresponding error status bit is set.

Data type	Values	Information
INT	-32767 to 32767	Bus controller default setting: 32767

# Information:

The default value 32767 corresponds to the maximum default value at 20 mA or +10 VDC.

## Information:

It is important to note that this setting applies to all channels!

The analog value is limited down to 0 at currents <4 mA. The status bit for the lower limit is set.</li>

# 9.10 Status of the inputs

Name:

StatusInput01

The module inputs are monitored in this register. A change in the monitoring status is actively transmitted as an error message. The following states are monitored depending on the settings:

Value	Voltage signal ±10 V	Current signal 0 to 20 mA	Current signal 4 to 20 mA
0	No error	No error	No error
1	Lower limit value undershot	Default setting The input value has a lower limit of 0x0000. Underflow monitoring is therefore not necessary. After lower limit value change The input value is limited to the configured value. The status bit is set when the value falls below the lower limit.	Lower limit value undershot
2	Upper limit value overshot	Upper limit value overshot	Upper limit value overshot
3	Open circuit	-	-

Data type	Values
USINT	See the bit structure.

#### Bit structure:

Bit	Description	Value	Information
0 - 1	Channel 1	00	No error
		01	Lower limit value undershot
		10	Upper limit value overshot
		11	Open circuit
6 - 7	Channel 4	00	No error
		01	Lower limit value undershot
		10	Upper limit value overshot
		11	Open circuit

## Limiting the analog value

In addition to the status information, the analog value is fixed to the values listed below by default in an error state. The analog value is limited to the new values if the limit values were changed.

Error state	Digital value on error (default values)
Open circuit	+32767 (0x7FFF)
Upper limit value overshot	+32767 (0x7FFF)
Lower limit value undershot	-32767 (0x8001)
Invalid value	-32768 (0x8000)

## 9.11 Minimum cycle time

The minimum cycle time specifies the time up to which the bus cycle can be reduced without communication errors occurring. It is important to note that very fast cycles reduce the idle time available for handling monitoring, diagnostics and acyclic commands.

Minimum cycle time		
Inputs without filtering	100 μs	
Inputs with filtering	500 μs	

## 9.12 Minimum I/O update time

The minimum I/O update time specifies how far the bus cycle can be reduced so that an I/O update is performed in each cycle.

Minimum I/O update time			
Inputs without filtering 300 µs for all inputs			
Inputs with filtering	1 ms		